

Activity Summary

Activity: Cultural Programs

Program Components	2002 Enacted	FY 2003			Change From 2002 (+/-)
		Uncontr/ Related Changes	Program Changes (+/-)	Budget Request	
National Register Programs	15,580	+132	-403	15,309	-271
National Center for Preservation Technology and Training	2,222	0	-250	1,972	-250
Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Grants	2,467	0	0	2,467	0
National Underground Railroad to Freedom Grants	500	0	-500	0	-500
Total Requirements	20,769	+132	-1,153	19,748	-1,021

Authorization

16 U.S.C. 431-433	The Antiquities Act of 1906
16 U.S.C. 461-467	The Historic Sites Act of 1935
16 U.S.C. 470-470 n	National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended
16 U.S.C. 469-469 c-1	Archeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974
16 U.S.C. 470aa-II	Archeological Resources Protection Act of 1979, as amended
16 U.S.C. 1-5	General Authorities Act as amended in 1976
16 U.S.C. 1908	Mining in the National Parks Act of 1976
26 U.S.C. 46(b)(4)	Tax Reform Act of 1986
26 U.S.C. 48(g)	Tax Reform Act of 1986
25 U.S.C. 3001-3013	The Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990
43 U.S.C. 2102	Abandoned Shipwreck Act of 1987
Public Law 104-333	Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996

Overview

NPS **Cultural Programs** support the preservation of the Nation's historical and cultural heritage and the integration of preservation values in public and private decisions. Program components of this activity include:

National Register Programs

National Register of Historic Places	HABS/HAER/HALS	Cultural Resources on the Web: "Links to the Past"
National Historic Landmarks Survey	Archeology Assistance	Cultural Diversity Initiative
Heritage Preservation Services	National NAGPRA Program	

- Identify, evaluate, and register historic and archeological resources.
- Assist State Historic Preservation Offices, certified local governments, Indian tribes, and the private sector.
- Assist public agencies to interpret, preserve, and protect archeological and historic resources.
- Undertake research and training and provide information and advice in preservation techniques and technologies.
- Create documentary records of historic properties.
- Provide regulations and guidance to identify, treat and potentially repatriate Native American human remains and cultural objects.
- Implement some of the Departmental responsibilities under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, including grants.
- Seek to diversify the historic preservation/cultural resources field.

National Center for Preservation Technology and Training

Supports an effective and efficient national system of research, information distribution, and skills training in the preservation and conservation of the Nation's significant historic and archeological properties and material culture.

National Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) Grants

Grants assist Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations in documenting and repatriating cultural items. In addition, grants assist museums in fulfilling their responsibilities to summarize and inventory Native American cultural items for the purposes of NAGPRA compliance.

National Underground Railroad to Freedom Grants

Promotes programs and partnerships to commemorate and preserve sites and other resources associated with the UGRR, and to educate the public about its historical significance.

Applicable NPS Mission Goals

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- Ia** Natural and cultural resources and associated values are protected, restored and maintained in good condition and managed within their broader ecosystem and cultural context.
 - Ib** The National Park Service contributes to knowledge about natural and cultural resources and associated values; management decisions about resources and visitors are based on adequate scholarly and scientific information.
 - IIIa** Natural and cultural resources are conserved through formal partnership programs.
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Activity: Cultural Programs
Program Component: National Register Programs
FY 2002 Enacted: \$15.580 million

FY 2002 Estimated Program and Anticipated Accomplishments

The National Park Service's National Register Programs assist thousands of communities nationwide to preserve their cultural heritage through formal designation programs that recognize significant historic and archeological properties. Federal designation provides eligibility for Federal financial assistance and regulatory protection. In order to encourage all levels of government and the private sector to preserve their cultural resources, the National Register Programs offer a wide range of technical assistance for protecting historic and archeological properties.

Performance Goals**Goal IIIa1. Conserve additional cultural resources through formal partnership programs**

Target	Measure	FY 2001 Base	Goals					
			Annual FY 2003			Long-term FY 2005		
			Number	% Change	Total	Number	% Change	Total
National Historic Landmarks	Designate additional	2,277	100	4.4%	2,377	158	6.9%	2,435
National Register of Historic Places	List additional historical and archeological properties	71,019	5,200	7.3%	76,219	7,800	11.0%	78,819
Historical and Archeological Properties								
Federal	Inventory and evaluate additional	733,200	140,000	19.1%	873,200	210,000	28.6%	943,200
States, Tribes and local	Inventory and evaluate additional	4,701,000	758,000	16.1%	5,459,000	1,163,000	24.7%	5,864,000

Goal IIIa2. Preserve and protect additional cultural resources through formal partnership programs

Target	Measure	Goals					
		Annual FY 2003			Long-term FY 2005		
		Base	Number	% of Base	Base	Number	% of Base
National Historic Landmarks	NHLs in good condition	2,393	2,212	92%	2,435	2,224	91%
Historical and Archeological Properties							
NPS Programs	Properties protected	2,073,000	21,700	1.0%	2,205,000	22,100	1.0%
States, Tribes and local	Properties protected	4,535,000	216,200	4.0%	4,857,000	228,800	4.7%

Goal IIIa3. Partners satisfied with NPS historic preservation-related technical assistance, training, and educational materials

Target	Measure	Goals	
		Annual FY 2003	Long-term FY 2005
Effective preservation partnerships	Users satisfied with NPS historic preservation-related technical assistance, training, and educational materials	85%	85%

National Register of Historic Places

The National Register of Historic Places is the official inventory of the Nation's historic places worthy of preservation. It includes all historic areas of the National Park System, National Historic Landmarks, and properties nominated by States, Federal agencies, and Indian tribes. The National Register encourages citizens, public agencies, and private organizations to recognize, use, and learn from historic places to create livable and viable communities for the future.

Nominations, Determinations of Eligibility and Related Actions. The National Register's top priority is to process nominations, determinations of eligibility and related actions in a timely manner. In FY 2001, 1,447 nominations, encompassing more than 48,700 significant historic properties, were listed in the National Register. The total number of listings is nearly 74,000, including some 1.2 million significant historic properties.

Standards, Guidance, and Technical Assistance. The National Register has developed a broad range of published and audiovisual materials to meet the needs of states, federal agencies, national parks, local governments, Indian tribes, and private citizens seeking to evaluate, nominate, and use the National Register. The Register distributed just over 63,000 technical publications at the public's request and responded to approximately 7,000 e-mail inquiries from its Web site alone in FY 2001.

GOALS**National Register of Historic Places**

- **Recognize and protect America's heritage.** Listing in the National Register qualifies a property for Federal preservation incentives, consideration in planning for Federal projects, and other programs and activities that assist in preserving significant places. Private preservation efforts, spurred by the honor of National Register listing, and made feasible by financial incentives, have resulted in a rise in the value of historic properties and in construction, business, and employment opportunities throughout the Nation.
- **Provide standards, guidance, and assistance,** including technical bulletins, workshops, and information to government agencies and the public relating to identification, evaluation, registration, and planning.
- **Increase citizen knowledge of the Nation's heritage.** The National Register provides access to valuable information on America's historic places for public education, tourism, research, planning and economic development on the places that document the historic contributions of all Americans.

Information Clearinghouse on America's Historic Places. The program provides information on all properties listed in the National Register to government agencies, private organizations, educators, and the general public for preservation and protection of significant historic and archeological properties, project planning, grant assistance, Tax Act certifications, program analysis, research, and heritage education and tourism.

- **The National Register Collection and the National Register Information System.** The National Register provides photocopies of National Register documentation on request. Documentation includes photographs, maps, and a National Register registration form, which provides a physical description of the place, information about its history and significance, and a bibliography. Approximately 162,000 pages of National Register documentation were distributed on request to the public in FY 2001. The National Register Information System (NRIS) database contains information on every property listed in or determined eligible for the National Register and is accessible to the public through the National Register Website. Approximately 3,400 users per week were recorded for the NRIS in FY 2001. In response to public demand, the Register has begun to digitize full-text versions of nominations and make them available to the public through the Web.
- **National Register of Historic Places Website.** The National Register updates and expands its award-winning Website (www.cr.nps.gov/nr) on a weekly basis. The site contains more than 3,500 pages and receives approximately 50,000 visits per week. Users can access the NRIS database, all technical bulletins, lesson plans, travel itineraries, and special features. Custom features for African American History Month, Hispanic Heritage Month, Women's History Month, Asian-Pacific Heritage Month, and Preservation Week were created in FY 2001.
- **Teaching with Historic Places (TwHP)** is a major vehicle for the National Register's promotion of heritage education. In FY 2001, TwHP posted 26 classroom-ready lesson plans on the National Register website. The total number of TwHP lessons available online is 75, including one Spanish-language lesson introduced in 2001. TwHP also published nine new lesson plans in a redesigned format based on teacher feedback.
- **Discover Our Shared Heritage travel itineraries.** The National Register promotes heritage education and economic development through tourism with the *Discover Our Shared Heritage* travel itineraries available on the National Register website. Five new travel itineraries were completed in FY 2001: Amana Colonies, IA; Delaware and Lehigh Canal, PA; Pipestone, MN; Ashland, OR; and Indian Mounds of the Mississippi. Each itinerary, created in partnership with communities and organizations throughout the Nation, provides descriptions, photographs, and maps locating the registered historic places featured in the itinerary, as well as links to pertinent national parks and State tourism offices. Twenty itineraries are available on the Web, with five available in print.

National Register of Historic Places Performance Information

Performance Measure	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
National Register listings of historic places and archeological sites			
Cumulative	73,855	75,347	76,647
New	1,447	1,300	1,300

National Register of Historic Places Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Determinations of eligibility, nomination appeals, returns, amendments, removals, and related actions	390	400	400
Bulletins and other technical information distributed	63,000	60,000	60,000
Workshops and training sessions	60	35	35

National Historic Landmarks Survey

Designated by the Secretary of the Interior, National Historic Landmarks are among the most significant places in American history. Landmarks illustrate and commemorate our collective past and help us to understand our national identity. Through Landmarks, all Americans can better understand and appreciate the broad trends and events, important persons, great ideas and ideals, and valuable accomplishments in the arts, sciences, and humanities.

Designation and Related Actions. Properties are nominated as National Historic Landmarks by preservation partners, processed by the National Historic Landmarks Survey, and presented to the National Park System Advisory Board. In FY 2001, 35 new National Historic Landmarks were designated, one property was determined eligible and four existing landmarks had their nominations amended. Four properties lost their designation during the year.

Theme Studies. The National Historic Landmarks Survey designs and implements studies on nationally significant historical themes. Studies generated by Congress, required by Presidential mandates, or requested from other Federal agencies are given highest priority. Theme studies also help park planners address issues important to the future of national parks. In FY 2001, the survey completed an overview of the history of American civil rights and began work on a national survey of the World War II Homefront. Further work was completed on the history of the oyster fishery industry, large Federal dams, American labor, and Japanese Americans during World War II.

GOALS

National Historic Landmarks Survey

- **Protect America's most important historic places.** Through designation of the country's nationally significant historic places, the survey illustrates the full fabric of American history. It helps citizens understand, appreciate and protect the places where important history happened.
- **Survey American history.** Through theme studies, the survey outlines the full range of American history, guides the evaluation of historic places, and helps others identify places worthy of national recognition.
- **Provide public access to American history.** The records of the National Historic Landmarks Survey are accessible to researchers, educators, students, and the public through a variety of media.

National Historic Landmarks Survey Performance Information

Performance Measure	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
National Historic Landmark Designations			
Cumulative	2,341	2,366	2,391
New	35	25	25

National Historic Landmark Survey Workload Factors

Workload Factor	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Withdrawals of Designation	4	2	2
Amendments to Existing Nominations	4	2	2
Determination of Eligibility	1	0	0

Heritage Preservation Services

The Heritage Preservation Services program of the National Center for Cultural Resources protects historic resources throughout the nation by helping citizens and communities identify, evaluate, and preserve historic places significant at the local, State, and national levels. The program provides a broad range of products and services, financial assistance and incentives, educational guidance, and technical information in support of this mission.

State Historic Preservation Programs. Under the National Historic Preservation Act, State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs) have a role in almost all facets of the NPS historic preservation program, including assisting in administering NPS programs, receiving NPS assistance, and contributing to the national historic preservation program by designating and protecting historic properties under State law.

Tribal Historic Preservation Program. This program assists Indian tribes in preserving their unique prehistoric and historic properties and cultural traditions and in establishing ongoing historic preservation programs. The NPS has entered into agreements with 31 tribes that assume program functions pursuant to section 101(d) of the National Historic Preservation Act. In addition, NPS has provided financial assistance to those tribes to develop their programs. In FY 1998 through FY 2000, NPS worked closely with these tribes to develop a proposed regulation governing tribal participation in the national preservation program. The proposed regulation is under Departmental review and will be published for comment in FY 2002. Also, NPS will gather data in FY 2002 on historic properties designated and protected under tribal law.

GOALS

Heritage Preservation Services

- **Build strong state, tribal, local, and Federal historic preservation programs.** Through policy development, financial assistance, and technical assistance HPS works in partnership with other levels of government to meet the mandates and deliver the services set out in the National Historic Preservation Act.
- **Promote the revitalization of local communities through reuse of historic properties.** The Federal historic preservation tax incentives stimulate major private sector investment in the appropriate rehabilitation of private commercial historic structures.
- **Protect significant historic properties through direct grant-in-aid assistance.** Save America's Treasures, Battlefield Protection Program, and Tribal Program all provide grants to governmental agencies and non-profit organizations for historic preservation projects nationwide.
- **Promote sound historic preservation practices nationwide.** Heritage Preservation Services develops historic preservation standards, guidelines, and technical materials; distributes a wide variety of materials in print and on the Web; and provides workshops and conferences to transmit timely information to the public and private sectors.

NPS is currently negotiating with additional tribes to enable their formal participation in the national program, and expects other tribes to submit program proposals during FY 2002 and FY 2003. NPS will continue to provide financial assistance to tribes to carry out specific preservation projects, and will continue to provide limited training and technical assistance for tribes that seek to preserve their culture and heritage.

State Historic Preservation Programs Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Historic properties newly designated by States under State law			
Cumulative	543,400	562,000	580,600
New	17,400	18,600	18,600
Historic properties reviewed, assisted, or under active protection by States under State law	110,000	108,000	108,000

Tribal Historic Preservation Program Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Cumulative number of tribes assuming statutory program responsibility	31	35	42
Historic Preservation Fund grants to Tribes	52	57	62

Certified Local Governments. The National Park Service and State Historic Preservation Offices provide valuable technical assistance and matching grants to hundreds of communities. Local governments strengthen these efforts by achieving Certified Local Government (CLG) status from NPS. States are required by the National Historic Preservation Act to set aside at least 10 percent of their annual Historic Preservation Fund allocation to fund CLG historic preservation subgrant projects.

GOALS

Certified Local Governments Program

- **Develop and maintain local preservation programs** across the Nation that contribute to planning, zoning, and permitting decisions related to preserving significant historic and archeological properties
- **Ensure the broadest possible participation of local governments** in the national historic preservation program while maintaining preservation standards established by the Secretary of the Interior.

Certified Local Governments Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Local Governments certified by the NPS			
Cumulative	1,296	1,346	1,396
New	56	50	50
Historic properties designated under local law			
Cumulative	300,500	321,500	343,400
New	20,100	21,000	21,900
Historic property projects reviewed or assisted under local law	104,000	96,000	100,000

American Battlefield Protection Program. The ABPP promotes the preservation of significant battlefields from all wars on American soil, along with associated historic sites. The program focuses on preservation strategies that avoid costly Federal land acquisition and the unnecessary creation of additional National Park System units. ABPP distributed \$393,000 for battle site surveys, community battlefield preservation plans, National Register nominations, promotion of heritage tourism, battlefield interpretation, community outreach, and heritage education. ABPP responsibilities include:

- Produce a quarterly newsletter, *Battlefield Update*
- Report on the status of preservation at the Priority I battlefields designated by the Civil War Sites Advisory Commission
- Conduct and support battlefield mapping projects
- Administer approximately 125 cooperative agreements and grants
- Serve as staff to the Secretary of the Interior for approving the expenditure of Civil War Commemorative Coin funds for battlefield land acquisition
- Head the Congressionally-chartered Revolutionary War/War of 1812 Historic Preservation Study
- Administer Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) monies appropriated for Civil War battlefield acquisition grants to States and local communities
- Maintain and enhance a battlefield preservation assistance website
- Provide a range of technical assistance services to many partners and the public.

American Battlefield Protection Program Workload Factors

Workload Factor	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
New grant projects	16	15	25
Ongoing grant projects	60	55	50
New Civil War Commemorative Coin applications	8	0	0
Land and Water Conservation Fund Battlefield grants	14	12	12

Federal Preservation Tax Incentives. A 20 percent tax credit under the Internal Revenue Code is available to property owners or lessees for rehabilitating historic structures. Buildings must be listed in the National Register of Historic Places or be located in a historic district and be used for income-producing purposes.

All dollar figures in thousands

NPS must certify that their rehabilitation preserves the historic character of the building. In FY 2001, the amount of investment attributed to tax incentives as measured by certified rehabilitation was \$1.8 billion. In addition, certain charitable contributions of easements for historic preservation purposes qualify for Federal tax incentives. The tax incentives and easement programs are carried out in partnership with State Historic Preservation Offices.

Federal Tax Incentives Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
New proposed projects received	1,250	1,300	1,250
Projects certified for 20% credit	774	800	750
Housing units rehabilitated and created	12,000	8,000	6,000
Private investment	\$1.8 billion	\$2.0 billion	\$2.0 billion

Technical Preservation Services. The National Park Service is a leader in developing technical information, standards, guidelines, and training materials to assist property owners in protecting and preserving historic and archeological properties. Technical information, standards, and guidelines developed by NPS are widely used by Federal and State agencies involved in historic preservation, including national parks, and by municipal governments throughout the country to explain and encourage appropriate historic preservation techniques. Nonprofit organizations and the general public also rely on technical preservation assistance activities of the NPS, affecting work on thousands of historic buildings each year.

Technical Preservation Assistance Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Preservation briefs and technical notes (cumulative)	87	91	95
Historic preservation projects provided technical assistance	4,193	4,300	4,800
Technical briefs, brochures, leaflets, fact sheets, publications, catalogues, and other media distributed	5,200	5,200	5,500

Historic Landscape Initiative. The Historic Landscape Initiative promotes responsible preservation practices to protect America's historic landscapes. In partnership with Federal and State agencies, Indian tribes, professional organizations, universities, and local stewards, NPS develops and disseminates guidelines for landscape preservation, produces tools to raise public awareness, organizes and participates in training workshops, and provides technical assistance for nationally significant properties and districts. Information provided by NPS influences project work at local, regional, national, and international levels on landscapes ranging from parks and gardens, to rural villages and agricultural landscapes.

Historic Landscape Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Training courses co-sponsored and presented	27	25	26
Publications, videos and other specific assistance	7	8	9
Cultural landscapes provided assistance	322	325	335

National Historic Landmarks Assistance Initiative. Once National Historic Landmarks are designated, NPS commits to assist in preserving these irreplaceable properties. NPS, through the National Historic Landmarks Assistance Initiative monitors the 2,341 NHLs and produces a biennial report on their condition. NPS also supports the National Historic Landmarks Stewards Association that links owners and friends of NHLs

across the country, produces informational publications for these stewards, and works with outside partners to assist and preserve landmarks.

National Historic Landmarks Assistance Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Publications produced – twice-yearly periodical and biennial report	3	2	3
Endangered NHLs monitored and assisted	940	950	950

Cultural Resource Inventory, Planning, and Geographic Information Systems. Since 1969, an estimated 4,000,000 historic resources have been identified by Federal agencies, State Historic Preservation Offices, tribal preservation programs, and local governments. NPS provides timely access to data on these resources so that decisions about the protection of significant historic and archeological properties are based on full information. For example, online multimedia historic preservation information, in combination with other geographic information, is becoming the basis for land-use decisions. NPS will continue to integrate the use of database management systems (DBMS,) geographic information systems (GIS,) and global positioning systems (GPS) in local, State, tribal, and Federal historic preservation activities.

Cultural Resource Inventory Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
State, tribal, and local DBMS, GIS, and GPS projects	10	8	8
National Park GIS/GPS projects	6	4	5
Endangered battlefield documentation projects	14	8	5
NPS-sponsored training courses and field schools	10	6	6

Comprehensive Historic Preservation Planning. The National Historic Preservation Act mandates historic resource surveys and comprehensive historic preservation planning. Conflicts with development interests and competing land uses occur nationwide, often because information about the needs, values, and priorities for historic and archeological properties is not effectively integrated into the planning and decision-making processes in either the public and private sectors.

NPS is placing greater emphasis on Internet distribution of materials and information towards building historic preservation planning capabilities at the local, county, tribal, State, and Federal levels.

GOALS

Comprehensive Historic Preservation Planning

- **Build planning proficiency within the historic preservation community** at the local, tribal, State, and Federal levels, including national parks
- **Build skills within the larger planning community** to recognize the goals and issues of historic preservation
- **Ensure that historic preservation practices are current and easily integrated** into contemporary planning systems
- **Enable the development of effective historic preservation components** in local, county, tribal, State, national park, and Federal plans and policies nationwide.

Historic Preservation Planning Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Technical assistance publications distributed	3,400	3,500	3,750
Visits per month to the planning program website	6,563	7,000	7,500
States with revised/updated Statewide Historic Preservation Plans	19	19	11

Historic American Buildings Survey/ Historic American Engineering Record/ Historic American Landscapes Survey

HABS/HAER/HALS identifies and records structures, sites, and landscapes that have an important place in the history of the Nation and in the development of American architecture, industry, technology, and culture. Since the creation of HABS as a permanent program of the NPS in 1934, HABS/HAER/HALS has followed the principle of "preservation through documentation," using a combination of measured architectural and interpretive drawings, large-format photographs, field research, and written historical reports to produce a permanent record of the Nation's built environment. Documentation produced by HABS/HAER/HALS is archived and available to the public through the Library of Congress.

GOALS

HABS/HAER/HALS

"Preservation through Documentation"

- Create a lasting archive of the Nation's significant architectural and engineering structures, sites, and landscapes for the benefit of current and future generations of Americans.
- Train future historical architects, architectural historians, and historic preservationists in the field of architectural and engineering documentation.
- Establish and promote national standards and guidelines for architectural and engineering documentation.

HABS/HAER/HALS Collection. Each year, the program places new documentation on permanent deposit at the Library of Congress and works directly with the Library to ensure broad public access to all items in the collection. In FY 2001, HABS/HAER/HALS added 2,164 new sets of documentation. The sets included a total of 14,484 photographs, 13,361 pages of historical information, and 986 measured drawings. HABS/HAER/HALS also catalogs all items in the collection to make online database searches both easier and more sophisticated. In FY 2001, HABS/HAER/HALS catalogued 2,900 records (7.6 percent of the collection). Digitized images of more than 350,000 items in the collection are now available for researchers to search, view, and download at no cost through the Library of Congress's "Built in America" Website: memory.loc.gov/ammem/hhhtml/hhhome.html.

HABS/HAER/HALS Partnerships. HABS/HAER/HALS receives technical, financial, and professional assistance from numerous sponsors and partners, including the Library of Congress, the American Institute of Architects, the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Society of Landscape Architects, State departments of transportation, the HABS/HAER Foundation, the William Penn Foundation, the Society for Industrial Archaeology, the Society of Architectural Historians, and many others. In FY 2001, HABS/HAER/HALS entered into new partnerships with a variety of organizations, including the Maryland Historical Trust, the Kansas State Historical Society, the New York City Landmarks Commission, the California State Park System, the Council of American Maritime Museums, and Texas Tech University.

HABS/HAER Summer Programs. Each year, HABS/HAER/HALS Summer Recording Programs offer architects, landscape architects, industrial designers, historians, industrial archeologists, engineers, illustrators, and students of architecture and history rare opportunities to record historic sites and structures of architectural and technological significance and to receive critical training in historic architecture and engineering at little or no cost to the Federal Government. This training is targeted to schools with high minority enrollments. In FY 2001, more than 50 architects, historians, and college students, including 15 international interns participated on summer recording projects across the country.

HABS/HAER/HALS Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Outside funding contributed (thousands of dollars)	763	700	700
Documented to HABS/HAER/HALS standards			
National Historic Landmarks	11	16	17
List of Classified Structures – Primary Structures	60	22	23
Properties	2,164	1,190	1,250

Archeological Assistance/Departmental Consulting Archeologist

NPS provides assistance and support to public agencies, and educational, professional, and citizen organizations to improve the identification, recording, treatment, interpretation, and preservation of American archeological resources. In FY 2002, NPS will increase the number, documentation, interpretation, and management of archeological sites identified and recorded on public lands, increase the archeological listings in the National Register and the number of archeological National Historic Landmarks. NPS will also work with public law enforcement agencies and officials to provide technical assistance and training to improve archeological resource protection.

GOALS**Archeological Assistance Program**

- **Provide assistance and support regarding interpretation, management, and preservation** of archeological sites and historic shipwrecks.
- **Advise Federal, state, tribal, and local public agencies, the courts, and law enforcement officials regarding enforcement of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA)** and other archeological statutes, and regulations.
- **Advise public agencies and museums on the curation** of Federally owned and administered archeological collections, reports, and records, following the national regulations.

Archeological Assistance Program Performance Information

Performance Measure	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Archeological sites			
Reported on Federal lands*	724,000 *	838,000	873,000
Listed in the National Register of Historic Places	24,500	26,000	27,000
Designated as National Historic Landmarks	237	240	245

* This number is the FY 2000 actual that has been collected for the next Secretary of the Interior's Report to Congress, a biannual publication on the status of the government-wide Federal Archeology Program. Numbers fluctuate annually due to inconsistent reporting by Federal agencies.

National Archeological Database. NPS maintains NADB to provide information on archeological reports of projects sponsored by Federal agencies, maps of site frequencies, and other data at the State and county level. Records for NADB-Reports are provided by Federal and State agency offices as well as private sector archeologists. In FY 2002, the NADB-Reports portion of the database will be updated to increase the number of entries in NADB-Reports and improve the quality of data and ease of use. A new portion will be added which summarizes information related to about 4,000 Federal archeological permits issued during the 20th century.

Archeological Assistance Program Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Looting violations reported by Federal agencies*	673*	800	800
Records in National Archeological Database (NADB) Reports	240,000 *	260,000	265,000

* This number is the FY 2000 actual that has been collected for the next Secretary of the Interior's Report to Congress, a biannual publication on the status of the government-wide Federal Archeology Program.

Technical Information. The Archeological Assistance program provides technical information about archeological interpretation, issues, and projects. Information is disseminated using both print and electronic media. The program provides workshops, exhibits for professional meetings, and training. It also provides online databases and distance-learning courses. Technical publications on archeological and anthropological subjects include the periodical *Common Ground*. In FY 2002 NPS will redesign, expand and update website pages which provide programmatic and technical information.

Archeological Policies and Guidance. The program's website features the Secretary's Standards and Guidelines on Archeology and Historic Preservation which includes references to recent technical publications. The website also provides other relevant policies, guidelines, methods, and techniques that build a consensus among Federal agencies about what constitutes good archeological practice. In FY 2002, NPS will begin to review and update archeological guidance posted on the Web.

Archeological Assistance Program Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Inadvertent discoveries nationwide	230	250	250
Departmental Consulting Archeologist cooperative projects involving national policy issues, program development, and technical or peer reviews	2	2	3
Number trained in archeological law and regulations or archeological management practices	45	50	50
Number receiving the Secretary's Report to Congress on Federal archeology	17,000	19,000	20,000
Number receiving archeology and ethnography publications	103,072	105,000	107,000
Public accesses to the National Archeological Database (NADB) via Internet	210/week	300/week	400/week
Public visits to NPS archeological web pages [Based on statistics for < www.cr.nps.gov > address]	1,500/day	1,600/day	1,700/day

National Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act Program

NAGPRA became law in 1990. The National NAGPRA program implements some of the Secretary of the interior's responsibilities under NAGPRA by assisting tribes, museums, and Federal agencies with the NAGPRA process. The National NAGPRA Database, maintained through a cooperative agreement with the University of Arkansas, provides the public with access to a wide range of NAGPRA information.

In FY 2002, the Department will review a final rule developed by the program implementing the civil penalty provisions of the Act. Beginning in FY 2002, the National NAGPRA Program will begin to systematically review allegations of failure to comply with NAGPRA and, if necessary, recommend that the Secretary assess a civil penalty. The Department is also reviewing a proposed rule regarding future applicability of the summary and inventory provision of the Act.

GOALS

National NAGPRA Program

- **Promulgate regulations** implementing the statute.
- **Monitor compliance** with the statute and, if necessary, assess civil penalties on museums that fail to comply.
- **Publish notices** of Inventory Completion and Notices of Intent to Repatriate in the Federal Register on behalf of museums and Federal agencies.
- **Provide technical assistance** to lineal descendants, Indian tribes, Native Hawaiian organizations, museums, Federal agencies, and the public.
- **Administer grants** to Indian tribes, Native Hawaiian organizations, and museums to assist in implementation of the statute.
- **Provide administrative and staff support** to the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee.

National NAGPRA Program Performance Information

Performance Measure	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Regulatory sections under development	2	3	5
Federal Register notices published	199	200	200
Review committee meetings	2	2	2
Allegations of failure to comply investigated	1	10	5
Training courses offered	2	5	8

Cultural Resources on the World Wide Web

NPS cultural programs use the Internet to provide the public, professionals, NPS staff, and Congress with rapid access to technical and educational information about protecting and preserving cultural resources in national parks and across the United States. The *Links to the Past* website fosters and advances public education, research, and information dissemination for audiences around the world. *Links* also provides dynamic and clear information about cultural resources activities to park superintendents, their staffs, and NPS staff in regional, support, and center offices via *SuperLinks*, an Intranet or NPS-only Website.

GOALS**Cultural Resources on the Web**

- Foster the public knowledge of the breadth and richness of the cultural resources NPS manages, protects, and interprets.
- Integrate NPS cultural resource programs and resources along common themes to increase public access and understanding.
- Make high quality technical assistance, educational materials, and training in historic preservation, freely available to the public, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- Insure access to physically impaired users.

Links to the Past Performance Indicators

Performance Measures	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
User sessions	18,000/day	20,000/day	22,000/day
Average number of pages accessed per session	5	5	5

Links to the Past Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Educational features	12	15	15
Total number of web pages maintained	10,000	11,000	12,000

Cultural Resources Diversity Initiative

NPS launched the Cultural Resources Diversity Initiative to address the under-representation of diverse practitioners, communities, and historic resources in cultural resources work nationwide. NPS develops training programs and conferences that reach out to minority colleges and universities, diverse organizations, and new audiences that are underserved in the historic preservation field. Programs are also organized to address the need to better understand diverse cultural resources.

The Cultural Resources Diversity Initiative reaches diverse populations and connects them with the National Park Service's historic preservation/cultural resources programs through *Heritage Matters*, a biannual newsletter, that covers news of the nation's diverse cultural heritage, and the Cultural Resources Diversity Initiative website at www.cr.nps.gov/crdi, which provides information on the initiative's activities, internships, minority colleges and universities, conferences and training programs, and publications.

Recent activities supported Delaware State University, the first historically black university to offer a Master of Arts program in historic preservation. Products included:

- A series of lectures and programs related to the Underground Railroad in the Mid-Atlantic region
- Development of a course outline for an undergraduate course in historic preservation/cultural resources that can be offered at minority colleges and universities
- Implementation of the conference, "Places of Cultural Memory: African Reflections on the American Landscape," held in May 2001, that provided an opportunity for scholars and preservationists to explore the impact of African culture on the American landscape
- Support for diversity scholarships to attend the National Trust for Historic Preservation annual meeting.

GOALS

Cultural Resources Diversity Initiative

- **Workforce diversity.** Increase the number of individuals representing all of the nation's cultural and ethnic groups in professional positions such as historians, archeologists, historical architects, ethnographers, historical landscape architects, and curators.
- **Constituent Diversity.** Increase the number of organizations and communities that are involved in the historic preservation/cultural resources field and served by National Park Service and other public/private preservation programs.
- **Resource diversity.** Increase the number of historic and cultural resources associated with the nation's diverse cultural groups that are identified, documented, preserved, and interpreted.

The Cultural Resources Diversity Internship Program provides career exploration opportunities for undergraduate and graduate students in historic preservation/cultural resources work. The program places interns in National Park Service park units and administrative offices, state historic preservation offices, local governments, and private organizations. The program is mutually beneficial to the National Park Service and partnership organizations who are introduced to promising young people who might choose to work in the field.

Cultural Resources Diversity Initiative Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Organizations, colleges, and universities on mailing list database that receive regular NPS mailings and diversity publications	630	700	750
Cooperative cultural resources diversity interns for summer and semester assignments	12	20	20
Scholarships to attend National Trust for Historic Preservation annual meeting	60	60	60
Visitors to Cultural Resources Diversity Initiative website per month	300	400	500

FY 2003 Budget Request: National Register Programs

Request Component	Amount
FY 2002 Enacted Budget	15,580
Programmatic Changes	
• Travel Expenses	-103
• Heritage Preservation, Inc	-300
TOTAL, Program Changes¹	-403
Uncontrollable Changes	+132
FY 2003 Budget Request	15,309
Net Change	-271

¹Justification for program changes can be found at the end of this activity's presentation.

Activity: Cultural Programs
Program Component: National Center for Preservation Technology and Training
Enacted FY 2002: \$2.222 million

FY 2002 Estimated Program and Anticipated Accomplishments

The National Center for Preservation Technology and Training (NCPTT) supports the preservation of America's significant prehistoric and historic places and material culture by transferring and applying recent scientific research to critical historic preservation challenges and needs nationwide. Located on the campus of Northwestern State University of Louisiana in Natchitoches, Louisiana, NCPTT supports through primary research, grants, joint research projects, and cooperative agreements a partnership network of public and private research institutions, colleges and universities, and public and private historic preservation offices and organizations. Recent activities include:

1. Research and development with the Los Angeles County Museum of Art in applying the use of lasers in museum object conservation
2. A public/private partnership with DuPont Corporation to undertake joint research on the applications and effects of water repellants on historic stone masonry
3. Research on conservation and preservation of digital data
4. Application of thermal imaging technologies to locate termite colonies in historic structures
5. A Federal interagency working group to share advances in historic preservation technology

GOALS

National Center for Preservation Technology and Training

- **Encourage and support research and development** in the fields of technology and science in the private sector, at colleges and universities, with other public entities, and with international partners that can effectively be transferred to applications in historic preservation and conservation.
- **Synthesize and deliver the products** of such collaboration among Federal agencies, State, tribal, and local governments, universities, international organizations, and the private sector.

Federal Preservation Institute. The Federal Preservation Institute provides high-quality training and assistance to Federal agencies in meeting statutory responsibilities for resource stewardship. Significant planned activities for FY 2002 include:

1. National symposia entitled *Balancing Public Safety with Protection of Historic Sites* will engage a national dialogue on making the nation's historic public buildings and spaces more secure in the face of terrorism
2. Synchronous internet training workshops for Federal agencies on establishing and improving preservation consultation skills with Indian tribes, Alaska Native Corporations, and Native Hawaiian organizations in partnership with the U.S Department of Justice

Heritage Education Initiative. Begun in FY 2000, the purpose of the Initiative is to help school age children understand and value the meaning, significance, and preservation of historic sites through heritage education. The program is building a model distance learning heritage education curriculum targeted at K-12 students in Louisiana. The model will include lesson plans, computer and web-based learning modules, and heritage education courses for teachers enrolled at Northwestern State University of Louisiana and a consortium of Louisiana universities. Once developed and tested, the model will be available nationwide through NCPTT.

National Center for Preservation Technology Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Grants and cooperative agreements awarded	22	20	20
Total amount requested by applicants	\$3.367 million	\$3.500 million	\$3.500 million
Total amount of grants awarded	\$0.460 million	\$0.380 million	\$0.400 million
Workshops held/sponsored	8	10	10
In-house projects undertaken	8	10	10
Contract projects undertaken	11	12	12
Number of publications	21	20	20

FY 2003 Budget Request: National Center for Preservation Technology and Training

Request Component	Amount
FY 2002 Enacted Budget	2,222
Programmatic Changes	
• Heritage Education Model	-250
TOTAL, Program Changes¹	-250
Uncontrollable Changes	No Change
FY 2003 Budget Request	1,972
Net Change	-250

¹Justification for program changes can be found at the end of this activity's presentation.

Activity: Cultural Programs
Program Component: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act Grants
Enacted FY 2002: \$2.467 million

FY 2002 Estimated Program and Anticipated Accomplishments

The National NAGPRA program awards grants to museums, Indian tribes, and Native Hawaiian organizations. The twofold purpose of the grants is to

1. Aid museums to summarize and inventory Native American cultural items for the purposes of NAGPRA compliance.
2. Assist Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations document and repatriate cultural items.

Since FY 1994, NAGPRA grant program has awarded 197 grants to Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations and 119 grants to museums. Almost \$18 million has been awarded by NPS during this eight-year period. During FY 2002, the grant program will work to improve the quality and impact of projects supported by the grants. As with all of its programs, NPS is examining ways to better demonstrate the effectiveness of its grants programs.

Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act Grants Performance Information

Performance Measure	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Grants awarded to tribes	33	35	35
Grants awarded to museums	13	13	13
Grant proposals submitted and reviewed	74	100	100

FY 2003 Budget Request: NAGPRA Grants

Request Component	Amount
FY 2002 Enacted Budget	2,467
Programmatic Changes	No Change
TOTAL, Program Changes¹	0
Uncontrollable Changes	No Change
FY 2003 Budget Request	2,467
Net Change	No Change

¹Justification for program changes can be found at the end of this activity's presentation.

Activity: Cultural Programs
Program Component: National Underground Railroad to Freedom Grants
Enacted FY 2002: \$0.500 million

FY 2002 Estimated Program and Anticipated Accomplishments

The National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom grant program is newly established in FY 2002. The Underground Railroad (UGRR) sought to address the injustices of slavery and make freedom a reality in the United States. In recognition that all human beings embrace the right to self-determination and freedom from oppression, the program will award grants with funds added by Congress in FY 2002 to programs and partnerships which commemorate the UGRR; preserve sites and other resources associated with the UGRR; and educate the public about the historical significance of the UGRR. Congress directed that \$0.250 million be provided to the Underground Railroad Coalition of Delaware.

GOALS

Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Grant Program

- Establish criteria and procedures for the grant program.
- Preserve Network to Freedom sites around the country by awarding grants.

National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Grants Performance Information

Performance Measure	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate ¹
Network to Freedom Grants	N/A	15	15

¹NPS is proposing that this grant program be eliminated in FY 2003. Performance reflects continued funding at FY 2002 levels.

National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Workload Factors

Workload Factors	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Network to Freedom Grant applications	N/A	40	50

¹NPS is proposing that this grant program be eliminated in FY 2003. Performance reflects continued funding at FY 2002 levels.

FY 2003 Budget Request: UGRR Network to Freedom Grants

Request Component	Amount
FY 2002 Enacted Budget	500
Programmatic Changes	
• Underground Railroad Grants	-500
TOTAL, Program Changes¹	-500
Uncontrollable Changes	No Change
FY 2003 Budget Request	0
Net Change	-500

¹Justification for program changes can be found at the end of this activity's presentation.

Justification of FY 2003 Budget Request: Cultural Programs

Request Component	Amount
FY 2002 Enacted Budget	20,769
Programmatic Changes	
• Travel Expenses	-103
• Heritage Preservation, Inc	-300
• Heritage Education Model	-250
• Underground Railroad Grants	-500
TOTAL, Program Changes	-1,153
Uncontrollable Changes	+132
FY 2003 Budget Request	19,748
Net Change	-1,021

Travel Expenses: -\$0.103 million

NPS proposes to effect savings of \$0.103 million in this activity by reducing travel and associated costs by implementing management reforms to achieve savings.

Heritage Preservation, Inc: -\$0.300 million

NPS requests the elimination of \$0.300 million added by Congress for Heritage Preservation, Inc. to allow increased support for higher priority NPS programs.

Heritage Education Model: -\$0.250 million

NPS requests elimination of funding for the Heritage Education Model added by Congress in FY 2002 to allow increased support for higher priority NPS programs.

Underground Railroad Grants: -\$0.500 million

NPS requests elimination of funding for Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Grants in FY 2003 to allow increased support for higher priority NPS programs. Support totaling \$0.5 million is still requested for fiscal year 2003 in the Operation of the National Park System appropriation.